

## PowerTapper Operating Instructions

**The battery should be fully charged at the store. On a full charge the battery will empty between two and three half kegs of beer. Note: To maximize the battery life, unplug the battery immediately when the keg goes empty. This will prevent it from pumping air into an empty keg, using up battery life.**

### Connect the PowerTapper to the Keg:

- Using wing style couplers match up the openings of the keg to the valve coupler and twist it on until it is tightly in place.
- If using liver style coupler match up the openings and twist on tight. Pull the lever forward and down to lock.

### To operate:

- Plug the battery pack or AC adapter into the PowerTapper plug jack.
- PowerTapper will only run as needed and will turn off and on automatically. There are no adjustments.
- The PowerTapper maintains a constant pressure in the keg and therefore preserves freshness for 2-3 days.
- When finished, unplug the battery pack or AC adapter from the PowerTapper before disconnecting from the keg.
- To prevent electrical shock **do not use an extension cord** with the AC adapter.
- The PowerTapper and battery pack are not water proof. Please do not submerge in water.

### Foam Problems:

- The **temperature of the beer must be 40 degrees or colder.** Temperatures over 40 degrees will cause excessive foam problems. The ideal serving temperature of draught beer is 36 degrees.
- The PowerTapper maintains constant pressure very similar to a CO2 system in a bar. Whenever even a brief duration of time exists between pours, the first glass will be foam. It is recommended that the 1<sup>st</sup> ½ ounce or so be released onto the ice or back into the cooler. This will prevent the entire glass from filling with foam. This typically is what bartenders do to prevent foam.
- Always pour beer to the side of the glass. A direct vertical pour will cause beer to foam in the glass. This becomes much easier with experience.